



Code ✓ **Check Building** 5th Edition

Electronic Version

An Illustrated Reference for Planning, Building & Inspection



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Based on the 2021 editions of the International Residential Code® and related standards

Conventions used in this b

Figures and tables accompany relatively small book, we have unumber of other codes and sta

THE BUTTONS AT THE TOP OF EACH PAGE ARE LINKS
THAT TAKE YOU TO THE DESCRIBED DESTINATIONS
(LINKS NOT ACTIVE IN THESE SAMPLE SCREEN SHOTS)

ummarize a particular code rule. rge amount of information into a ook also uses references from a

r is a free <u>download</u>.

How to navigate this book:

This PDF file contains the first (building) section of Code Check Complete 3rd edition. The print version of Code Check Building 5th (flipchart version) does not have as much material as this electronic edition, and therefore the figure and table references are not the same. The easiest way to navigate and find a particular topic is through the "Table of Contents" button at the top of the screen, where every line is directly linked to the topic it describes. Figures and tables are referenced in the text by the letters **F** and **T** followed by the figure or table number. Within the text of this book, every figure reference, page reference, and table reference is also a link. When the text references a figure or table that is not on the same page as the text, clicking on the reference number takes you to that reference, and clicking on the red "Return to Previous Page" button at the top of the screen takes you back to the text.

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ABBREVIATIONS

GLOSSARY

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DFU

DW

e.g.

ex:

EXC

DWV

EERO =

n/a

NM

NP

O.C.

O.D.

OSB

NFPA® = National Fire Protection Association

= nonmetallic-sheathed cable

= naturally durable wood

= not applicable

= not permitted

= outside diameter

= oriented strand board

page, as in "see p.5"

particleboard sheathing

Portland cement plaster

= on center



BFE

BO

BWL

BTE

ABBREVIATIONS

emergency escape & rescue openings

= drainage fixture unit

= drain, waste & vent

= except, exception

= for example (exempli gratia)

= dishwasher

= example

DWB = diagonal wood boards

1&2FD = 1- & 2-Family Dwellings AAMA = American Architectural Manufacturers Association ABW = Alternate Braced Wall = American Concrete Institute ACI AFF = above finished floor = Authority Having Jurisdiction AHJ = in accordance with MFR's instructions AMI **AMM** = Alternative Materials, Design, & Mark ANSI = American National Standards Ins ASCE = American Society of Civil Engine ASTM = ASTM International (formerly Ame Society for Testing & Materials)

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Abbreviations are always accessible from the

button at the top of every page. If an abbreviation is not familiar, you can look it up from here and then return to your place in the text with the red "RETURN TO PREVIOUS PAGE" button.

BUR = built-up roof BV-WSP = WSP w/ stone/masonry veneer

= base flood elevation

building official

= braced wall line

= braced wall panel

BIPV = building-integrated photovoltaic

= centigrade

= building thermal envelope

cfm = cubic feet per minute

CI = cast iron

CMU = concrete masonry unit

CPSC = Consumer Product Safety Commission

CPVC = chlorinated PVC pipe

continuous sheathing (wall bracing) CS

CSA = cross sectional area

CS-G = CS-WSP adjacent garage openings **CS-PF** = continuously sheathed portal frame

CS-SFB = CS structural fiberboard CS-WSP= CS wood structural panel

= cubic, as in cu. ft. cu.

Cu = copper

DFE = design flood elevation

2021 International Fire Gode in. = inch(es)

 International Residential Code IRC L&L = listed & labeled, listing & labeling

lb. = pound(s) LIB = let-in bracing LL = lot line

LVL = laminated veneer lumber

= maximum max

MEP = mechanical, electrical, & plumbing

MFD multifamily dwelling MFR manufacturer mil = thousands of an inch

min = minimum

= miles per hour mph

portal frame at garage portal frame w/ hold-downs preservative treated pressure-preservative treated pounds per square foot pounds per square inch Seismic Design Category

SDC Do, D1 & D2 inclusive structural fiberboard sheathing SFD = Single-Family Dwelling

SHGC = Solar heat gain coefficient = specification spec

= square, as in sq. ft sq.

SS stainless steel T&G = tongue & groove

UDWS = Ultimate Design Wind Speed UL®

= Underwriters Laboratory w/ = with

= without w/o

WR = weather-resistant WRB = water-resistive barrier

WSP = wood structural panel Х

= exception in code citation Ζi = zinc, galvanized

2 - 10

4-4

5-5

6-6

7-7

6-10

8-1

9-6

7-11

9-4

1

1

2

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9 - 4

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4-5

5-3

6-3

5-7

6-7

7-9

6-5

7-8

1

2

2

2

1

2

2

1



Headers	21 IRC
☐ Header spans per T35,36A-E	602.7
☐ Min number of full-height studs F60 adjacent to headers per T37 _	602.7.5
☐ Single member headers min 2×material, face nail	
12 in. O.C. top & bottom w/ 10d nails F60	602.7.1
Headers not required for nonbearing wall openings; single flat 2 in.	x 4 in.

member OK for span up to 8 ft. if ≤24 in below pailing surface above 602.74

ALLOWABLE GIRDER AND HEADER SPANS FOR TABLE 35 INTERIOR BEARING WALLS^A ◆ T602.7(2) Building Width^B No. of floors Size 12 ft. 24 ft. 36 ft. supported Spanc NJp Span^c NJP NJP Spanc

Rim Board Headers

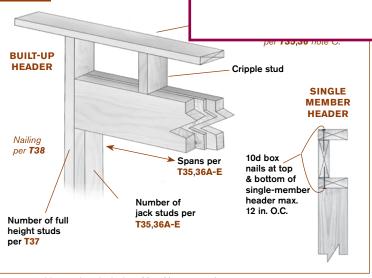
FIG. 60

☐ Rim board headers (header above top below top plate to top of opening) spa ☐ Number of full height studs each end least the number of studs displaced b ☐ Joists hangers required for all joists at

Headers

The eBook contains 100 illustrations and 79 tables. The text lines contain links to these illustrations and tables. When the link takes you to a different page, you can quickly return with the "RETURN TO PREVIOUS PAGE" button at the top.

		1	11-0	1	9–0	2	
·		1	1-11	1	1-7	1	
Header	2-2×6	3-11	1	2-11	2	2-5	2
	2-2×8	5-0	1	3-8	2	3-1	2
	2-2×10	5-11	2	4-4	2	3-7	2
	2-2×12	6-11	2	5-2	2	4-3	3
	3-2×8	6-3	1	4-7	2	3-10	2
3	3-2×10	7–5	1	5-6	2	4-6	2
→	3-2×12	8-8	2	6-5	2	5-4	2
Bearing	4-2×8	7-2	1	5-4	1	4-5	2
Walls	4-2×10	8-6	1	6-4	2	5-3	2
	4-2×12	10-1	1	7–5	2	6-2	2

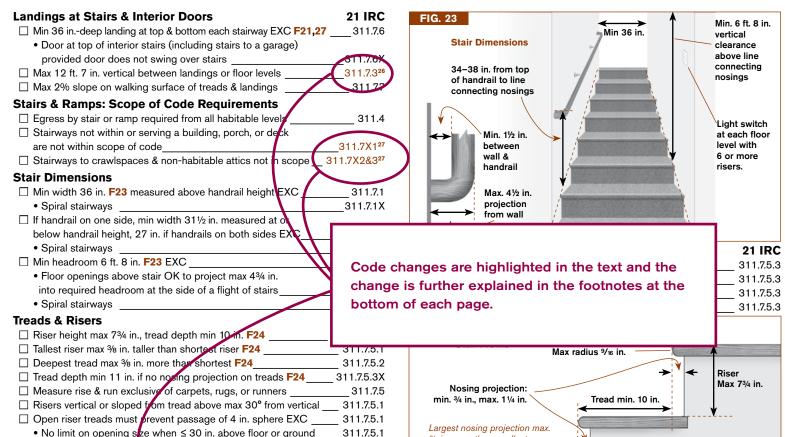


- A. Based on No. 2 grade Douglas fir-larch, hem-fir, Southern pine, and spruce-pine-fir.
- B. Building width is measured perpendicular to ridge. For building widths between those shown, spans listed in table are permitted to be interpolated.
- C. Where top of header not laterally braced (e.g., cripple studs bearing on header as in F60), spans for 2 x 8, 2 x 10, or 2 x 12 to be multiplied by 0.70.
- D. Number of jack studs required to support each end. If NJ=1, headers are permitted to be supported by an approved framing anchor to the full-height wall stud.

3/8 in. more than smallest

If no nosing and solid risers.

tread depth min. 11 in.



commonly used type of floor truss that slightly exceeded the previous maximum elevation change.

26. Changed from 12 ft. 4 in. in previous code edition. The purpose of the change was to match a

Clarification regarding items that are outside the scope of the code.

No limit on spening size on spiral stairways
 311.7.5.1X1

Deepest tread max. 3/8 in. more than smallest.

Tallest riser max. % in. more than shortest.

TABLE 17

CONCRETE COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH

T402.2 & 404.1.3.3.1

Min Compressive Strength^A

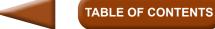
2.500

3.000c

Severe

2.500^B

3.000c



In general, concrete >2,500 psi requires special inspections and tests conducted by an approved agency, except for concrete that supports light-frame construction ≤3 stories above grade plane. The IRC does not address the question of testing for areas requiring >2,500 psi concrete in **T17**; pumped concrete will be >2,500 psi. Environmental, climate, or soils issues may necessitate testing even for buildings within the scope of the IRC, and testing is required for commercial construction. A design professional will specify which tests are needed, and building jurisdictions typically have a list of approved agencies qualified to perform special testing. ICC provides certification for special inspectors of concrete work.

Special Inspections ☐ Approved agency to be indepe

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21 IBC

Type or Location of Construction Weathering Potential (from T2) Negligible Moderate Basement walls, foundation & other 2.500 concrete not exposed to weather

Basement slabs and interior slabs on grade, 2.500 2.500 2.500^B

exterior walls &

d to the weather The section on concrete includes requirements from the International Building Code and from the American Concrete Institute where they also apply

xposed to the 2.500 3.000^{C,D,E} 3.500^{C,D,E} slahs B&C 2.500

2.500

CD 3.000

Prescriptive concrete founda

 Nonstructural slabs supporte Patios, sidewalks & driveway

☐ Special inspections of concrete

Fully supported footings supported

of light-frame construction, p

on specified compressive str

☐ No welding of reinforcing bars

to residential construction.

FIG. 46

Test Cylinders

Strength tests are taken from the average of at least two 6×12 in. cylinders (or three 4×8 cylinders). Extra cylinders are usually made. Care must be taken in the storage and transporting of cylinders. They must be kept at a temperature between 60°F and 80°F and be taken to the lab within 48 hours.



ect to freeze-thaw during construction. C. Must be air-entrained. Total air content by volume min 5% max 7%.

D. Max cementitious materials content per ACI 332 T5.4.2 or ACI 318 T26.4.2.2(b)

E. Steel-trowel finished garage slab OK to reduce air-entrainment to ≥3% if concrete is ≥4.000 psi.

Testing ACI 318-19

 \square Strength test = average of at least two 6×12 cylinders or three 4 × 8 cylinders from same sample & tested at 28 days F46 26.12.1.1(a) ☐ Samples min once per day, once per 150 cu. yards & once for each 5,000 sq. ft. of slabs or walls **F46** 26.12.2.1(a)

☐ Min of 5 randomly selected batches for testing 26.12.2.1(b)

☐ If total quantity < 50 cu. yds, BO may accept other

evidence of satisfactory strength & waive testing 26.12.2.1(c) ☐ If strength test fails, core testing per ASTM C42 26.12.6.1