| TABLE XX | MINIMUM NUMBER FULL-HEIGHT STUDS EACH <br> END OF HEADERS IN EXTERIOR WALLS T602.7.5 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  <br> Exposure Category |  |
|  | $\leq 140 \mathrm{mph}$ Exposure B <br> or $\leq 130 \mathrm{mph}$ Exposure C | $\leq 115 \mathrm{mph}$ Exposure B |
| 4 | 1 | 1 |
| 6 | 2 | 1 |
| 8 | 2 | 1 |
| 10 | 3 | 2 |
| 12 | 3 | 2 |
| 14 | 3 | 2 |
| 16 | 4 | 2 |
| 18 | 4 | 2 |


| TABLE XX | ALLOWABLE GIRDER \& HEADER SPANS IN EXTERIOR BEARING WALLS [T502.5(1)] |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Support | Min. Size | Building Width ${ }^{\text {A }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 20 ft . |  | 28 ft . |  | 36 ft . |  |
|  |  | Span ${ }^{\text {B }}$ | NJ ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | Span ${ }^{\text {B }}$ | NJ ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | Span ${ }^{\text {B }}$ | NJ ${ }^{\text {c }}$ |
| Roof \& Ceiling | 2-2x4 | 3-6 | 1 | 3-2 | 1 | 2-10 | 1 |
|  | 2-2x6 | 5-5 | 1 | 4-8 | 1 | 4-2 | 1 |
|  | 2-2×8 | 6-10 | 1 | 5-11 | 2 | 5-4 | 2 |
|  | 2-2×10 | 8-5 | 2 | 7-3 | 2 | 6-6 | 2 |
|  | 2-2×12 | 9-9 | 2 | 8-5 | 2 | 7-6 | 2 |
|  <br> 1 Center-Bearing Floor | $2-2 \times 4$ | 3-1 | 1 | 2-9 | 1 | 25 | 1 |
|  | 2-2x6 | 4-6 | 1 | 4-0 | 1 | 3-7 | 2 |
|  | $2-2 \times 8$ | 5-9 | 2 | 5-0 | 2 | 4-6 | 2 |
|  | 2-2×10 | 7-0 | 2 | 6-2 | 2 | 5-6 | 2 |
|  | 2-2×12 | 8-1 | 2 | 7-1 | 2 | 6-5 | 2 |
| Roof, Ceiling \& 1 Clear-Span Floor | $2-2 \times 4$ | 2-8 | 1 | 2-4 | 1 | 2-1 | 1 |
|  | 2-2x6 | 3-11 | 1 | 3-5 | 2 | 3-0 | 2 |
|  | 2-2×8 | 5-0 | 2 | 4-4 | 2 | 3-10 | 2 |
|  | $2-2 \times 10$ | 6-1 | 2 | 5-3 | 2 | 4-8 | 2 |
|  | 2-2×12 | 7-1 | 2 | 6-1 | 2 | 5-5 | 2 |
| Roof, Ceiling \& 2 Center-Bearing Floors | $2-2 \times 4$ | 2-7 | 1 | 2-3 | 1 | 2-0 | 1 |
|  | 2-2x6 | 3-9 | 2 | 3-3 | 2 | 2-11 | 2 |
|  | 2-2×8 | 4-9 | 2 | 4-2 | 2 | 3-9 | 2 |
|  | 2-2×10 | 5-9 | 2 | 5-1 | 2 | 4-7 | 3 |
|  | 2-2×12 | 6-8 | 2 | 5-10 | 3 | 5-3 | 3 |

[^0]| TABLE XX <br> No. of floors supported | ALLOWABLE GIRDER \& HEADER SPANS IN INTERIOR BEARING WALLS [T502.5(2)] |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Min. Size | Building Width ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 20 ft . |  | 28 ft . |  | 36 ft . |  |
|  |  | Span ${ }^{\text {B }}$ | NJ ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | Span ${ }^{\text {B }}$ | $\mathrm{NJ}{ }^{\text {c }}$ | Span ${ }^{\text {B }}$ | NJ ${ }^{\text {c }}$ |
| 1 | $2-2 \times 4$ | 3-1 | 1 | 2-8 | 1 | 2-5 | 1 |
|  | $2-2 \times 6$ | 4-6 | 1 | 3-11 | 1 | 3-6 | 1 |
|  | $2-2 \times 8$ | 5-9 | 1 | 5-0 | 2 | 4-5 | 2 |
|  | $2-2 \times 10$ | 7-0 | 2 | 6-1 | 2 | 5-5 | 2 |
|  | 2-2×12 | 8-1 | 2 | 7-0 | 2 | 6-3 | 2 |
|  | $3-2 \times 8$ | 7-2 | 1 | 6-3 | 1 | 5-7 | 2 |
|  | $3-2 \times 10$ | 8-9 | 1 | 7-7 | 2 | 6-9 | 2 |
|  | 3-2×12 | 10-2 | 2 | 8-10 | 2 | 7-10 | 2 |
| 2 | $2-2 \times 4$ | 2-2 | 1 | 1-10 | 1 | 1-7 | 1 |
|  | 2-2×6 | 3-2 | 2 | 2-9 | 2 | 2-5 | 2 |
|  | 2-2×8 | 4-1 | 2 | 3-6 | 2 | 3-2 | 2 |
|  | 2-2×10 | 4-11 | 2 | 4-3 | 2 | 3-10 | 3 |
|  | 2-2×12 | 5-9 | 2 | 5-0 | 3 | 4-5 | 3 |
|  | $3-2 \times 8$ | 5-1 | 2 | 4-5 | 2 | 3-11 | 2 |
|  | 3-2×10 | 6-2 | 2 | 5-4 | 2 | 4-10 | 2 |
|  | 3-2×12 | 7-2 | 2 | 6-3 | 2 | 5-7 | 3 |
| A. Based on built-up \#2 grade Douglas fir-larch lumber. Building widths are measured perpendicular to the ridge. <br> B. Spans are given in feet \& inches (ft.-in). <br> C. $\mathrm{NJ}=$ number of jack studs under each end. If the number is 1 , the header is permitted to be supported by framing anchors attached to full-length wall studs \& the header. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| TABLE XX |  | JOISTS SPANS FOR 30 LB. LIVE LOAD [T502.3.1(1)] |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Size | Douglas Fir-larch \#2 Spacing o.c. |  |  | Southern Pine \#2 Spacing o.c. |  |  |
|  | 12 | 16 | 24 | 12 | 16 | 24 |
| $2 \times 6$ | 11-10 | 10-9 | 9-1 | 11-10 | 10-9 | 9-4 |
| $2 \times 8$ | 15-7 | 14-1 | 11-6 | 15-7 | 14-2 | 12-4 |
| $2 \times 10$ | 19-10 | 17-2 | 14-1 | 19-10 | 18-0 | 14-8 |
| $2 \times 12$ | 23-0 | 19-11 | 16-3 | 24-2 | 21-1 | 17-2 |
| Measurements given in feet \& inches (ft.-in.). <br> Dead load $=10$ psf |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| TABLE XX | Douglas Fir-larch \#2 <br> Spacing o.c. |  |  |  | Southern Pine \#2 <br> Spacing o.c. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 12 | 16 | 24 | 12 | 16 | 24 |
|  | $10-9$ | $9-9$ | $8-1$ | $10-9$ | $9-9$ | $8-6$ |
| $2 \times 8$ | $14-2$ | $12-7$ | $10-3$ | $14-2$ | $12-10$ | $10-0$ |
| $2 \times 10$ | $17-9$ | $15-5$ | $12-7$ | $18-0$ | $16-1$ | $13-1$ |
| $2 \times 12$ | $20-7$ | $17-10$ | $14-7$ | $21-9$ | $18-10$ | $15-5$ |

Measurements given in feet \& inches (ft.-in.).
Dead load $=10 \mathrm{psf}$


[^0]:    A. Based on built-up \#2 grade Douglas fir-larch lumber \& a 30 lb . ground snow load. Building widths are measured perpendicular to the ridge.
    B. Spans are given in feet \& inches (ft.-in).
    B. Spans are given in feet \& inches ( tt .-in).
    C. $\mathrm{NJ}=$ number of jack studs under each end. If the number is 1 , the header is permitted to be supported by framing anchors attached to full-length wall studs \& the header.

